117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S.

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide coverage of medical nutrition therapy services for individuals with eating disorders under the Medicare program.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms. HASSAN (for herself and Ms. MURKOWSKI) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

- To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide coverage of medical nutrition therapy services for individuals with eating disorders under the Medicare program.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Nutrition Counseling
- 5 Aiding Recovery for Eating Disorders Act of 2021" or the
- 6 "Nutrition CARE Act of 2021".

7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

8 Congress finds the following:

(1) 28,800,000 individuals in the United Sates,
 or 9 percent of the national population, will have an
 eating disorder in their lifetime. It is estimated that
 1,619,300 to 2,080,600 individuals on Medicare part
 B are affected by an eating disorder, including
 420,500 to 560,700 beneficiaries who identify as
 Black, Indigenous, or People of Color.

8 (2) 10,200 deaths per year in the United States 9 occur as a direct result of an eating disorder, equat-10 ing to 1 death every 52 minutes. Eating disorders 11 have one of the highest mortality rates of all mental 12 illness due to serious medical comorbidities such as 13 stroke, diabetes, and gastric rupture, in addition to 14 the fact that longitudinal studies have found that 15 the suicide risk for those with an eating disorder is 16 23 times the expected risk.

17 (3) Eating disorders can be successfully treated 18 with care encompassing the 4 pillars of successful 19 treatment: medical, psychiatric, therapy, and medical 20 nutrition therapy. In general, Medicare provides 21 some, but not all, care necessary for eating disorders 22 treatment. It doesn't cover medical nutrition therapy 23 at the outpatient level and provides no coverage at 24 the intensive outpatient or residential treatment lev-25 els.

1 (4) Eating disorders are expensive. The yearly 2 economic of eating disorders cost is 3 \$64,700,000,000, with families and individuals expe-4 riencing an economic loss of \$23,500,000,000 per 5 year. Each year, eating disorders are directly re-6 sponsible for 23,560 inpatient hospitalizations costing \$209,700,000 and 53,918 emergency room visits 7 8 costing \$29,300,000.

9 (5) Eating disorders in the elderly are particu-10 larly serious because chronic disorders or diseases 11 may already compromise a patient's health and 12 make a patient more prone to serious comorbidities 13 associated with eating disorders, including cardiac, 14 metabolic, gastric, and bone conditions. Early diag-15 nosis and proper treatment of this population is es-16 sential.

17 SEC. 3. PROVIDING COVERAGE OF MEDICAL NUTRITION

18 THERAPY SERVICES FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH
19 EATING DISORDERS UNDER THE MEDICARE
20 PROGRAM.

21 Section 1861 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
22 1395x) is amended—

23 (1) in subsection (s)(2)(V)—

1	(A) by redesignating clauses (i) through
2	(iii) as subclauses (I) through (III), respec-
3	tively, and adjusting the margins accordingly;
4	(B) in subclause (III), as so redesignated,
5	by striking the semicolon at the end and insert-
6	ing "; or";
7	(C) by striking "beneficiary with diabetes"
8	and inserting the following: "beneficiary—
9	"(i) with diabetes"; and
10	(D) by adding at the end the following new
11	clause:
12	"(ii) beginning January 1, 2022, with an
13	eating disorder (as defined by the Secretary in
14	accordance with most recent edition of the Di-
15	agnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Dis-
16	orders published by the American Psychiatric
17	Association);"; and
18	(2) in subsection (vv)—
19	(A) in paragraph (1)—
20	(i) by inserting "(including manage-
21	ment of an eating disorder (as defined for
22	purposes of subsection $(s)(2)(V)(ii)))$ "
23	after "disease management";

1	(ii) by striking "which are furnished
2	by" and all that follows through the period
3	and inserting "which are furnished—
4	"(A) by a registered dietitian or nutrition
5	professional (as defined in paragraph (2));
6	"(B) pursuant to a referral by—
7	"(i) a physician (as defined in sub-
8	section $(r)(1)$; or
9	"(ii) a psychologist (or other mental
10	health professional to the extent authorized
11	under State law); and
12	"(C) in the case of such services furnished
13	to an individual for the purpose of management
14	of such an eating disorder, at the times speci-
15	fied in paragraph (4)."; and
16	(B) by adding at the end the following new
17	paragraph:
18	((4)(A) For purposes of paragraph $(1)(C)$, the times
19	specified in this paragraph are, with respect to medical
20	nutrition therapy services furnished to an individual for
21	purposes of management of an eating disorder, at least
22	the following:
23	"(i) 13 hours (including a 1-hour initial assess-
24	ment and 12 hours of reassessment and interven-

1	tion) during the 1-year period beginning on the date
2	such individual is first furnished such services.
3	"(ii) Subject to subparagraph (B), 4 hours dur-
4	ing each subsequent 1-year period.
5	"(B) The Secretary may apply such other reasonable
6	limitations with respect to the furnishing of medical nutri-
7	tion therapy services for purposes of management of an
8	eating disorder during a period described in subparagraph
9	(A)(ii) as the Secretary determines appropriate.".