

118TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

**S.** \_\_\_\_\_

To require the Secretary of Energy to establish a program to promote the use of artificial intelligence to support the missions of the Department of Energy, and for other purposes.

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

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\_\_\_\_\_ introduced the following bill; which was read twice  
and referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

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## **A BILL**

To require the Secretary of Energy to establish a program to promote the use of artificial intelligence to support the missions of the Department of Energy, and for other purposes.

1        *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2        *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3        **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4        This Act may be cited as the “Department of Energy  
5        AI Act”.

6        **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7        Congress finds that—

1           (1) the Department has a leading role to play  
2           in making the most of the potential of artificial in-  
3           telligence to advance the missions of the Department  
4           relating to national security, science, and energy (in-  
5           cluding critical materials);

6           (2) the 17 National Laboratories employ over  
7           40,000 scientists, engineers, and researchers with  
8           decades of experience developing world-leading ad-  
9           vanced computational algorithms, computer science  
10          research, experimentation, and applications in ma-  
11          chine learning that underlie artificial intelligence;

12          (3) the NNSA manages the Stockpile Steward-  
13          ship Program established under section 4201 of the  
14          Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2521),  
15          which includes the Advanced Simulation and Com-  
16          puting program, that provides critical classified and  
17          unclassified computing capabilities to sustain the nu-  
18          clear stockpile of the United States;

19          (4) for decades, the Department has led the  
20          world in the design, construction, and operation of  
21          the preeminent high-performance computing systems  
22          of the United States, which benefit the scientific and  
23          economic competitiveness of the United States  
24          across many sectors, including energy, critical mate-  
25          rials, biotechnology, and national security;

1           (5) across the network of 34 user facilities of  
2 the Department, scientists generate tremendous vol-  
3 umes of high-quality open data across diverse re-  
4 search areas, while the NNSA has always generated  
5 the foremost datasets in the world on nuclear deter-  
6 rence and strategic weapons;

7           (6) the unrivaled quantity and quality of open  
8 and classified scientific datasets of the Department  
9 is a unique asset to rapidly develop frontier AI mod-  
10 els;

11          (7) the Department already develops cutting-  
12 edge AI models to execute the broad mission of the  
13 Department, including AI models of the Department  
14 that are used to forecast disease transmission for  
15 COVID–19, and address critical material issues and  
16 emerging nuclear security missions;

17          (8) the AI capabilities of the Department will  
18 underpin and jumpstart a dedicated, focused, and  
19 centralized AI program; and

20          (9) under section 4.1(b) of Executive Order  
21 14110 (88 Fed. Reg. 75191 (November 1, 2023))  
22 (relating to the safe, secure, and trustworthy devel-  
23 opment and use of artificial intelligence), the Sec-  
24 retary is tasked to lead development in testbeds, na-

1 tional security protections, and assessment of artifi-  
2 cial intelligence applications.

3 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

4 In this Act:

5 (1) AI; ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—The terms  
6 “AI” and “artificial intelligence” have the meaning  
7 given the term “artificial intelligence” in section  
8 5002 of the National Artificial Intelligence Initiative  
9 Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9401).

10 (2) ALIGNMENT.—The term “alignment”  
11 means a field of AI safety research that aims to  
12 make AI systems behave in line with human inten-  
13 tions.

14 (3) DEPARTMENT.—The term “Department”  
15 means the Department of Energy, including the  
16 NNSA.

17 (4) FOUNDATION MODEL.—The term “founda-  
18 tion model” means an AI model that—

19 (A) is trained on broad data;

20 (B) generally uses self-supervision;

21 (C) contains at least tens of billions of pa-  
22 rameters; and

23 (D) is applicable across a wide range of  
24 contexts; and

1 (E) exhibits, or could be easily modified to  
2 exhibit, high levels of performance at tasks that  
3 pose a serious risk to the security, national eco-  
4 nomic security, or national public health or  
5 safety of the United States.

6 (5) FRONTIER AI.—

7 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term “frontier AI”  
8 means the leading edge of AI research that re-  
9 mains unexplored and is considered to be the  
10 most challenging, including models—

11 (i) that exceed the capabilities cur-  
12 rently present in the most advanced exist-  
13 ing models; and

14 (ii) many of which perform a wide va-  
15 riety of tasks.

16 (B) INCLUSION.—The term “frontier AI”  
17 includes AI models with more than  
18 1,000,000,000,000 parameters.

19 (6) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term “Na-  
20 tional Laboratory” has the meaning given the term  
21 in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42  
22 U.S.C. 15801).

23 (7) NNSA.—The term “NNSA” means the Na-  
24 tional Nuclear Security Administration.

1           (8) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means  
2           the Secretary of Energy.

3           (9) TESTBED.—The term “testbed” means any  
4           platform, facility, or environment that enables the  
5           testing and evaluation of scientific theories and new  
6           technologies, including hardware, software, or field  
7           environments in which structured frameworks can be  
8           implemented to conduct tests to assess the perform-  
9           ance, reliability, safety, and security of a wide range  
10          of items, including prototypes, systems, applications,  
11          AI models, instruments, computational tools, de-  
12          vices, and other technological innovations.

13 **SEC. 4. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH TO DEPLOY-**  
14 **MENT.**

15          (a) PROGRAM TO DEVELOP AND DEPLOY FRONTIERS  
16 IN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE FOR SCIENCE, SECURITY,  
17 AND TECHNOLOGY (FASST).—

18           (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days  
19           after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-  
20           retary shall establish a centralized AI program to  
21           carry out research on the development and deploy-  
22           ment of advanced artificial intelligence capabilities  
23           for the missions of the Department (referred to in  
24           this subsection as the “program”), consistent with  
25           the program established under section 5501 of the

1 William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Au-  
2 thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C.  
3 9461).

4 (2) PROGRAM COMPONENTS.—

5 (A) IN GENERAL.—The program shall ad-  
6 vance and support diverse activities that include  
7 the following components:

8 (i) Aggregation, curation, and dis-  
9 tribution of AI training datasets.

10 (ii) Development and deployment of  
11 next-generation computing platforms and  
12 infrastructure.

13 (iii) Development and deployment of  
14 safe and trustworthy AI models and sys-  
15 tems.

16 (iv) Tuning and adaptation of AI  
17 models and systems for pressing scientific,  
18 energy, and national security applications.

19 (B) AGGREGATION, CURATION, AND DIS-  
20 TRIBUTION OF AI TRAINING DATASETS.—In  
21 carrying out the component of the program de-  
22 scribed in subparagraph (A)(i), the Secretary  
23 shall develop methods, platforms, protocols, and  
24 other tools required for efficient, safe, and ef-

1           fective aggregation, generation, curation, and  
2           distribution of AI training datasets, including—  
3                   (i) assembling, aggregating, and  
4                   curating large-scale training data for ad-  
5                   vanced AI, including outputs from research  
6                   programs of the Department and other  
7                   open science data, with the goal of devel-  
8                   oping comprehensive scientific AI training  
9                   databases and testing and validation data;  
10                  (ii) developing and executing appro-  
11                  priate data management plan for the eth-  
12                  ical, responsible, and secure use of classi-  
13                  fied and unclassified scientific data;  
14                  (iii) identifying, curating, and safely  
15                  distributing, as appropriate based on the  
16                  application—  
17                      (I) scientific and experimental  
18                      Departmental datasets; and  
19                      (II) sponsored research activities  
20                      that are needed for the training of  
21                      foundation and adapted downstream  
22                      AI models; and  
23                  (iv) partnering with stakeholders to  
24                  curate critical datasets that reside outside  
25                  the Department but are determined to be



1 critical to optimizing the capabilities of  
2 open-science AI foundation models, na-  
3 tional security AI foundation models, and  
4 other AI technologies developed under the  
5 program.

6 (C) DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT OF  
7 NEXT-GENERATION COMPUTING PLATFORMS  
8 AND INFRASTRUCTURE.—In carrying out the  
9 component of the program described in sub-  
10 paragraph (A)(ii), the Secretary shall—

11 (i) develop early-stage AI testbeds to  
12 test and evaluate new software, hardware,  
13 algorithms, and other AI-based tech-  
14 nologies and applications;

15 (ii) develop and deploy new energy-ef-  
16 ficient AI computing hardware and soft-  
17 ware infrastructure necessary for devel-  
18 oping and deploying trustworthy frontier  
19 AI systems that leverage the high-perform-  
20 ance computing capabilities of the Depart-  
21 ment and the National Laboratories;

22 (iii) facilitate the development and de-  
23 ployment of unclassified and classified  
24 high-performance computing systems and  
25 AI platforms through Department-owned

1 infrastructure data and computing facili-  
2 ties;

3 (iv) procure high-performance com-  
4 puting and other resources necessary for  
5 developing, training, evaluating, and de-  
6 ploying AI foundation models and AI tech-  
7 nologies; and

8 (v) use appropriate supplier screening  
9 tools available through the Department to  
10 ensure that procurements under clause (iv)  
11 are from trusted suppliers.

12 (D) DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT OF  
13 SAFE AND TRUSTWORTHY AI MODELS AND SYS-  
14 TEMS.—In carrying out the component of the  
15 program described in subparagraph (A)(iii), not  
16 later than 3 years after the date of enactment  
17 of this Act, the Secretary shall—

18 (i) develop innovative concepts and  
19 applied mathematics, computer science, en-  
20 gineering, and other science disciplines  
21 needed for frontier AI;

22 (ii) develop best-in-class AI foundation  
23 models and other AI technologies for open-  
24 science and national security applications;

1 (iii) research and deploy counter-ad-  
2 versarial artificial intelligence solutions to  
3 predict, prevent, mitigate, and respond to  
4 threats to critical infrastructure, energy se-  
5 curity, and nuclear nonproliferation, and  
6 biological and chemical threats;

7 (iv) establish crosscutting research ef-  
8 forts on AI risks, reliability, safety, trust-  
9 worthiness, and alignment, including the  
10 creation of unclassified and classified data  
11 platforms across the Department; and

12 (v) develop capabilities needed to en-  
13 sure the safe and responsible implementa-  
14 tion of AI in the private and public sectors  
15 that—

16 (I) may be readily applied across  
17 Federal agencies and private entities  
18 to ensure that open-science models are  
19 released responsibly, securely, and in  
20 the national interest; and

21 (II) ensure that classified na-  
22 tional security models are secure, re-  
23 sponsibly-managed, and safely imple-  
24 mented in the national interest.

1 (E) TUNING AND ADAPTATION OF AI MOD-  
2 ELS AND SYSTEMS FOR PRESSING SCIENTIFIC  
3 AND NATIONAL SECURITY APPLICATIONS.—In  
4 carrying out the component of the program de-  
5 scribed in subparagraph (A)(iv), the Secretary  
6 shall—

7 (i) use AI foundation models and  
8 other AI technologies to develop a mul-  
9 titude of tuned and adapted downstream  
10 models to solve pressing scientific, energy,  
11 and national security challenges;

12 (ii) carry out joint work, including  
13 public-private partnerships, and coopera-  
14 tive research projects with industry, includ-  
15 ing end user companies, hardware systems  
16 vendors, and AI software companies, to ad-  
17 vance AI technologies relevant to the mis-  
18 sions of the Department;

19 (iii) form partnerships with other  
20 Federal agencies, institutions of higher  
21 education, and international organizations  
22 aligned with the interests of the United  
23 States to advance frontier AI systems de-  
24 velopment and deployment; and

1 (iv) increase research experiences and  
2 workforce development, including training  
3 for undergraduate and graduate students  
4 in frontier AI for science, energy, and na-  
5 tional security.

6 (3) STRATEGIC PLAN.—In carrying out the pro-  
7 gram, the Secretary shall develop a strategic plan  
8 with specific short-term and long-term goals and re-  
9 source needs to advance applications in AI for  
10 science, energy, and national security to support the  
11 missions of the Department, consistent with—

12 (A) the 2023 National Laboratory work-  
13 shop report entitled “Advanced Research Direc-  
14 tions on AI for Science, Energy, and Security”;  
15 and

16 (B) the 2024 National Laboratory work-  
17 shop report entitled “AI for Energy”.

18 (b) AI RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTERS.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the program es-  
20 tablished under subsection (a), the Secretary shall  
21 select, on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis, Na-  
22 tional Laboratories to establish and operate not  
23 fewer than 8 multidisciplinary AI Research and De-  
24 velopment Centers (referred to in this subsection as  
25 “Centers”)—

1 (A) to accelerate the safe and trustworthy  
2 deployment of AI for science, energy, and na-  
3 tional security missions;

4 (B) to demonstrate the use of AI in ad-  
5 dressing key challenge problems of national in-  
6 terest in science, energy, and national security;  
7 and

8 (C) to maintain the competitive advantage  
9 of the United States in AI.

10 (2) FOCUS.—Each Center shall bring together  
11 diverse teams from National Laboratories, academia,  
12 and industry to collaboratively and concurrently de-  
13 ploy hardware, software, numerical methods, data,  
14 algorithms, and applications for AI and ensure that  
15 the frontier AI research of the Department is well-  
16 suited for key Department missions, including by  
17 using existing and emerging computing systems to  
18 the maximum extent practicable.

19 (3) ADMINISTRATION.—

20 (A) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—Each Cen-  
21 ter shall be established as part of a National  
22 Laboratory.

23 (B) APPLICATION.—To be eligible for se-  
24 lection to establish and operate a Center under  
25 paragraph (1), a National Laboratory shall sub-

1           mit to the Secretary an application at such  
2           time, in such manner, and containing such in-  
3           formation as the Secretary may require.

4           (C) DIRECTOR.—Each Center shall be  
5           headed by a Director, who shall be the Chief  
6           Executive Officer of the Center and an em-  
7           ployee of the National Laboratory described in  
8           subparagraph (A), and responsible for—

9                   (i) successful execution of the goals of  
10                   the Center; and

11                   (ii) coordinating with other Centers.

12           (D) TECHNICAL ROADMAP.—In support of  
13           the strategic plan developed under subsection  
14           (a)(3), each Center shall—

15                   (i) set a research and innovation goal  
16                   central to advancing the science, energy,  
17                   and national security mission of the De-  
18                   partment; and

19                   (ii) establish a technical roadmap to  
20                   meet that goal in not more than 7 years.

21           (E) COORDINATION.—The Secretary shall  
22           coordinate, minimize duplication, and resolve  
23           conflicts between the Centers.

24           (4) FUNDING.—Of the amounts made available  
25           under subsection (h), each Center shall receive not

1 less than \$30,000,000 per year for a duration of not  
2 less than 5 years but not more than 7 years, which  
3 yearly amount may be renewed for an additional 5-  
4 year period.

5 (c) AI RISK EVALUATION AND MITIGATION PRO-  
6 GRAM.—

7 (1) AI RISK PROGRAM.—As part of the program  
8 established under subsection (a), and consistent with  
9 the missions of the Department, the Secretary, in  
10 consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Secu-  
11 rity, the Secretary of Defense, the Director of Na-  
12 tional Intelligence, the Director of the National Se-  
13 curity Agency, and the Secretary of Commerce, shall  
14 carry out a comprehensive program to evaluate and  
15 mitigate safety and security risks associated with ar-  
16 tificial intelligence systems (referred to in this sub-  
17 section as the “AI risk program”).

18 (2) RISK TAXONOMY.—

19 (A) IN GENERAL.—Under the AI risk pro-  
20 gram, the Secretary shall develop a taxonomy of  
21 safety and security risks associated with artifi-  
22 cial intelligence systems relevant to the missions  
23 of the Department, including, at a minimum,  
24 the risks described in subparagraph (B).



- 1 (B) RISKS DESCRIBED.—The risks re-  
2 ferred to in subparagraph (A) are the abilities  
3 of artificial intelligence—
- 4 (i) to generate information at a given  
5 classification level;
  - 6 (ii) to assist in generation of nuclear  
7 weapons information;
  - 8 (iii) to assist in generation of chem-  
9 ical, biological, radiological, nuclear, non-  
10 proliferation, critical infrastructure, and  
11 energy security threats or hazards;
  - 12 (iv) to assist in generation of malware  
13 and other cyber and adversarial threats  
14 that pose a significant national security  
15 risk, such as threatening the stability of  
16 critical national infrastructure;
  - 17 (v) to undermine public trust in the  
18 use of artificial intelligence technologies or  
19 in national security;
  - 20 (vi) to deceive a human operator or  
21 computer system, or otherwise act in oppo-  
22 sition to the goals of a human operator or  
23 automated systems; and

1 (vii) to act autonomously with little or  
2 no human intervention in ways that con-  
3 flict with human intentions.

4 (d) SHARED RESOURCES FOR AI.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—As part of the program es-  
6 tablished under subsection (a), the Secretary shall  
7 identify, support, and sustain shared resources and  
8 enabling tools that have the potential to accelerate  
9 the pace of scientific discovery and technological in-  
10 novation with respect to the missions of the Depart-  
11 ment relating to science, energy, and national secu-  
12 rity.

13 (2) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out para-  
14 graph (1), the Secretary shall consult with relevant  
15 experts in industry, academia, and the National  
16 Laboratories.

17 (3) FOCUS.—Shared resources and enabling  
18 tools referred to in paragraph (1) shall include the  
19 following:

20 (A) Scientific data and knowledge bases  
21 for training AI systems.

22 (B) Benchmarks and competitions for eval-  
23 uating advances in AI systems.

1 (C) Platform technologies that lower the  
2 cost of generating training data or enable the  
3 generation of novel training data.

4 (D) High-performance computing, includ-  
5 ing hybrid computing systems that integrate AI  
6 and high-performance computing.

7 (E) The combination of AI and scientific  
8 automation, such as cloud labs and self-driving  
9 labs.

10 (F) Tools that enable AI to solve inverse  
11 design problems.

12 (G) Testbeds for accelerating progress at  
13 the intersection of AI and cyberphysical sys-  
14 tems.

15 (e) ADMINISTRATION.—

16 (1) RESEARCH SECURITY.—The activities au-  
17 thorized under this section shall be applied in a  
18 manner consistent with subtitle D of title VI of the  
19 Research and Development, Competition, and Inno-  
20 vation Act (42 U.S.C. 19231 et seq.).

21 (2) CYBERSECURITY.—The Secretary shall en-  
22 sure the integration of robust cybersecurity meas-  
23 ures into all AI research-to-deployment efforts au-  
24 thorized under this section to protect the integrity  
25 and confidentiality of collected and analyzed data.

1 (3) PARTNERSHIPS WITH PRIVATE ENTITIES.—

2 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall  
3 seek to establish partnerships with private com-  
4 panies and nonprofit organizations in carrying  
5 out this Act, including with respect to the re-  
6 search, development, and deployment of each of  
7 the 4 program components described in sub-  
8 section (a)(2)(A).

9 (B) REQUIREMENT.—In carrying out sub-  
10 paragraph (A), the Secretary shall protect any  
11 information submitted to or shared by the De-  
12 partment consistent with applicable laws (in-  
13 cluding regulations).

14 (f) STEM EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE DEVELOP-  
15 MENT.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—Of the amounts made avail-  
17 able under subsection (h), not less than 10 percent  
18 shall be used to foster the education and training of  
19 the next-generation AI workforce.

20 (2) AI TALENT.—As part of the program estab-  
21 lished under subsection (a), the Secretary shall de-  
22 velop the required workforce, and hire and train not  
23 fewer than 500 new researchers to meet the rising  
24 demand for AI talent—

1 (A) with a particular emphasis on expand-  
2 ing the number of individuals from underrep-  
3 resented groups pursuing and attaining skills  
4 relevant to AI; and

5 (B) including by—

6 (i) providing training, grants, and re-  
7 search opportunities;

8 (ii) carrying out public awareness  
9 campaigns about AI career paths; and

10 (iii) establishing new degree and cer-  
11 tificate programs in AI-related disciplines  
12 at universities and community colleges.

13 (g) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit  
14 to Congress an annual report describing—

15 (1) the progress, findings, and expenditures  
16 under each program established under this section;  
17 and

18 (2) any legislative recommendations for pro-  
19 moting and improving each of those programs.

20 (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is  
21 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section  
22 \$2,400,000,000 each year for the 5-year period following  
23 the date of enactment of this Act.

1 **SEC. 5. FEDERAL PERMITTING.**

2 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after  
3 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall es-  
4 tablish a program to improve Federal permitting processes  
5 for energy-related projects, including critical materials  
6 projects, using artificial intelligence.

7 (b) PROGRAM COMPONENTS.—In carrying out the  
8 program established under subsection (a), the Secretary  
9 shall carry out activities, including activities that—

10 (1) analyze data and provide tools from past  
11 environmental and other permitting reviews, includ-  
12 ing by—

13 (A) extracting data from applications for  
14 comparison with data relied on in environ-  
15 mental reviews to assess the adequacy and rel-  
16 evance of applications;

17 (B) extracting information from past site-  
18 specific analyses in the area of a current  
19 project;

20 (C) summarizing key mitigation actions  
21 that have been successfully applied in past simi-  
22 lar projects; and

23 (D) using AI for deeper reviews of past de-  
24 terminations under the National Environmental  
25 Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) to

1 inform more flexible and effective categorical  
2 exclusions; and

3 (2) build tools to improve future reviews, in-  
4 cluding—

5 (A) tools for project proponents that accel-  
6 erate preparation of environmental documenta-  
7 tion;

8 (B) tools for government reviewers such as  
9 domain-specific large language models that help  
10 convert geographic information system or tab-  
11 ular data on resources potentially impacted into  
12 rough-draft narrative documents;

13 (C) tools to be applied in nongovernmental  
14 settings, such as automatic reviews of applica-  
15 tions to assess the completeness of information;  
16 and

17 (D) a strategic plan to implement and de-  
18 ploy online and digital tools to improve Federal  
19 permitting activities, developed in consultation  
20 with—

21 (i) the Secretary of the Interior;

22 (ii) the Secretary of Agriculture, with  
23 respect to National Forest System land;

24 (iii) the Executive Director of the  
25 Federal Permitting Improvement Steering

1 Council established by section 41002(a) of  
2 the FAST Act (42 U.S.C. 4370m–1(a));  
3 and

4 (iv) the heads of any other relevant  
5 Federal department or agency, as deter-  
6 mined appropriate by the Secretary.

7 **SEC. 6. RULEMAKING ON AI STANDARDIZATION FOR GRID**  
8 **INTERCONNECTION.**

9 Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment  
10 of this Act, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission  
11 shall initiate a rulemaking to revise the pro forma Large  
12 Generator Interconnection Procedures promulgated pursu-  
13 ant to section 35.28(f) of title 18, Code of Federal Regula-  
14 tions (or successor regulations), to require public utility  
15 transmission providers to share and employ, as appro-  
16 priate, queue management best practices with respect to  
17 the use of computing technologies, such as artificial intel-  
18 ligence, machine learning, or automation, in evaluating  
19 and processing interconnection requests, in order to expe-  
20 dite study results with respect to those requests.

21 **SEC. 7. ENSURING ENERGY SECURITY FOR DATACENTERS**  
22 **AND COMPUTING RESOURCES.**

23 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment  
24 of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a re-  
25 port that—



1 (1) assesses—

2 (A) the growth of computing data centers  
3 and advanced computing electrical power load  
4 in the United States;

5 (B) potential risks of growth in computing  
6 centers or growth in the required electrical  
7 power to United States energy and national se-  
8 curity; and

9 (C) the extent to which emerging tech-  
10 nologies, such as artificial intelligence and ad-  
11 vanced computing, may impact hardware and  
12 software systems used at data and computing  
13 centers; and

14 (2) provides recommendations for—

15 (A) resources and capabilities that the De-  
16 partment may provide to promote access to en-  
17 ergy resources by data centers and advanced  
18 computing;

19 (B) policy changes to ensure domestic de-  
20 ployment of data center and advanced com-  
21 puting resources prevents offshoring of United  
22 States data and resources; and

23 (C) improving the energy efficiency of data  
24 centers, advanced computing, and AI.

1 **SEC. 8. OFFICE OF CRITICAL AND EMERGING TECH-**  
2 **NOLOGY.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title II of the Department of En-  
4 ergy Organization Act is amended by inserting after sec-  
5 tion 215 (42 U.S.C. 7144b) the following:

6 **“SEC. 216. OFFICE OF CRITICAL AND EMERGING TECH-**  
7 **NOLOGY.**

8 “(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

9 “(1) CRITICAL AND EMERGING TECHNOLOGY.—  
10 The term ‘critical and emerging technology’  
11 means—

12 “(A) advanced technology that is poten-  
13 tially significant to United States competitive-  
14 ness, energy security, or national security, such  
15 as biotechnology, advanced computing, and ad-  
16 vanced manufacturing;

17 “(B) technology that may address the chal-  
18 lenges described in subsection (b) of section  
19 10387 of the Research and Development, Com-  
20 petition, and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C.  
21 19107); and

22 “(C) technology described in the key tech-  
23 nology focus areas described in subsection (c) of  
24 that section (42 U.S.C. 19107).

25 “(2) DEPARTMENT CAPABILITIES.—The term  
26 ‘Department capabilities’ means—

1           “(A) each of the National Laboratories (as  
2           defined in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of  
3           2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801)); and

4           “(B) each associated user facility of the  
5           Department.

6           “(3) DIRECTOR.—The term ‘Director’ means  
7           the Director of Critical and Emerging Technology  
8           described in subsection (d).

9           “(4) OFFICE.—The term ‘Office’ means the Of-  
10          fice of Critical and Emerging Technology established  
11          by subsection (b).

12          “(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—There shall be within the  
13          Office of the Under Secretary for Science and Innovation  
14          an Office of Critical and Emerging Technology.

15          “(c) MISSION.—The mission of the Office shall be—

16                 “(1) to work across the entire Department to  
17                 assess and analyze the status of and gaps in United  
18                 States competitiveness, energy security, and national  
19                 security relating to critical and emerging tech-  
20                 nologies, including through the use of Department  
21                 capabilities;

22                 “(2) to leverage Department capabilities to pro-  
23                 vide for rapid response to emerging threats and  
24                 technological surprise from new emerging tech-  
25                 nologies;

1           “(3) to promote greater participation of De-  
2           partment capabilities within national science policy  
3           and international forums; and

4           “(4) to inform the direction of research and  
5           policy decisionmaking relating to potential risks of  
6           adoption and use of emerging technologies, such as  
7           inadvertent or deliberate misuses of technology.

8           “(d) DIRECTOR OF CRITICAL AND EMERGING TECH-  
9           NOLOGY.—The Office shall be headed by a director, to be  
10          known as the ‘Director of Critical and Emerging Tech-  
11          nology’, who shall—

12           “(1) be appointed by the Secretary; and

13           “(2) be an individual who, by reason of profes-  
14          sional background and experience, is specially quali-  
15          fied to advise the Secretary on matters pertaining to  
16          critical and emerging technology.

17          “(e) COLLABORATION.—In carrying out the mission  
18          and activities of the Office, the Director shall closely col-  
19          laborate with all relevant Departmental entities, including  
20          the National Nuclear Security Administration and the Of-  
21          fice of Science, to maximize the computational capabilities  
22          of the Department and minimize redundant capabilities.

23          “(f) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the mission  
24          and activities of the Office, the Director—

1           “(1) shall coordinate with senior leadership  
2 across the Department and other stakeholders (such  
3 as institutions of higher education and private in-  
4 dustry);

5           “(2) shall ensure the coordination of the Office  
6 of Science with the other activities of the Depart-  
7 ment relating to critical and emerging technology,  
8 including the transfer of knowledge, capabilities, and  
9 relevant technologies, from basic research programs  
10 of the Department to applied research and develop-  
11 ment programs of the Department, for the purpose  
12 of enabling development of mission-relevant tech-  
13 nologies;

14           “(3) shall support joint activities among the  
15 programs of the Department;

16           “(4) shall coordinate with the heads of other  
17 relevant Federal agencies operating under existing  
18 authorizations with subjects related to the mission of  
19 the Office described in subsection (c) in support of  
20 advancements in related research areas, as the Di-  
21 rector determines to be appropriate; and

22           “(5) may form partnerships to enhance the use  
23 of, and to ensure access to, user facilities by other  
24 Federal agencies.

25           “(g) PLANNING, ASSESSMENT, AND REPORTING.—

1           “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days  
2 after the date of enactment of the Department of  
3 Energy AI Act, the Secretary shall submit to Con-  
4 gress a critical and emerging technology action plan  
5 and assessment, which shall include—

6           “(A) a review of current investments, pro-  
7 grams, activities, and science infrastructure of  
8 the Department, including under National Lab-  
9 oratories, to advance critical and emerging tech-  
10 nologies;

11           “(B) a description of any shortcomings of  
12 the capabilities of the Department that may ad-  
13 versely impact national competitiveness relating  
14 to emerging technologies or national security;  
15 and

16           “(C) a budget projection for the subse-  
17 quent 5 fiscal years of planned investments of  
18 the Department in each critical and emerging  
19 technology, including research and development,  
20 infrastructure, pilots, test beds, demonstration  
21 projects, and other relevant activities.

22           “(2) UPDATES.—Every 2 years after the sub-  
23 mission of the plan and assessment under paragraph  
24 (1), the Secretary shall submit to Congress—

1                   “(A) an updated emerging technology ac-  
2                   tion plan and assessment; and

3                   “(B) a report that describes the progress  
4                   made toward meeting the goals set forth in the  
5                   emerging technology action plan and assess-  
6                   ment submitted previously.”.

7           (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents  
8           for the Department of Energy Organization Act (Public  
9           Law 95–91; 91 Stat. 565; 119 Stat. 764; 133 Stat. 2199)  
10          is amended by inserting after the item relating to section  
11          215 the following:

          “Sec. 216. Office of Critical and Emerging Technology.”.